LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A finger/palm print image processing system comprising:

a frequency component analysis unit configured to perform a frequency analysis on each of plural small regions into which a finger/palm print image is divided, to obtain plural frequency components representing each of the plural small regions; and

a frequency component judgment unit configured to judge clarity of the small regions corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components, wherein:

said finger/palm print image indicates at least one of a finger print and a palm print; said frequency component analysis unit obtains a first analysis result of performing a frequency analysis on a center portion of the small region, and a second analysis result of performing a frequency analysis on the small region including peripheral portions; and

said frequency component judgment unit judges the small region to be a region having a fine structure if a difference exists between the first and second analysis results, or judges the small region to be a region having a monotonous flow if no difference exists between the first and second analysis results.

2. (Original) The finger/palm print image processing system according to claim 1, wherein:

said frequency component analysis unit uses a Fourier transform as the frequency analysis; and

said frequency component judgment unit judges clarity of the small region corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components and a result of subjecting a clear two-dimensional sinusoidal wave to a Fourier transform.

3. (Currently amended) The finger/palm print image processing system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein

said frequency component analysis unit decides one point in a frequency space as the frequency components based on a result of the frequency analysis, and approximates the small

region corresponding to the frequency components, to a representative point two-dimensional sinusoidal wave as a two-dimensional sinusoidal wave corresponding to the one point in the frequency space.

- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Currently amended) The finger/palm print image processing system according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, further comprising

a ridgeline image extraction unit configured to change a method of extracting ridgelines from the finger/palm print image in the small region, based on the judgment result of clarity of the small region for each of the plural small regions, and to extract the ridgelines.

- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Original) A finger/palm print image processing method comprising:

a step (a) of performing a frequency analysis on each of plural small regions into which a finger/palm print image is divided, to obtain plural frequency components representing each of the plural small regions, the finger/palm print image indicating at least one of a finger print and a palm print; and

a step (b) of judging clarity of the small regions corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components, wherein:

said step (a) includes a step (a4) of obtaining a first analysis result performing a frequency analysis on a center portion of the small region, and a second analysis result performing a frequency analysis on the small region including peripheral portions; and

said step (b) includes a step (b3) of judging the small region to be a region having a fine structure if a difference exists between the first and second analysis results, or judging the small region to be a region having a monotonous flow if no difference exists between the first and second analysis results.

13. (Original) The finger/palm print image processing method according to claim 12, wherein:

said step (a) includes a step (a1) of using a Fourier transform as the frequency analysis; and

said step (b) includes a step (b1) of judging clarity of the small region corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components and a result of subjecting a clear two-dimensional sinusoidal wave to a Fourier transform.

14. (Currently amended) The finger/palm print image processing method according to claim 12 or 13, wherein

said step (a) includes:

a step (a2) of deciding one point in a frequency space as the frequency components, based on a result of the frequency analysis; and

a step (a3) of approximating the small region corresponding to the frequency components, to a representative point two-dimensional sinusoidal wave as a two-dimensional sinusoidal wave corresponding to the one point in the frequency space.

- 15. (Canceled)
- 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Canceled)

- 18. (Canceled)
- 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Currently amended) The finger/palm print image processing method according to any one of claims 12 to 14 claim 12, further comprising

a step (d) of changing, for each of the plural small regions, a method of extracting ridgelines from the finger/palm print image in the small region, based on the judgment result of clarity of the small region, and extracting the ridgelines.

- 21. (Canceled)
- 22. (Canceled)
- 23. (Original) A program for making a computer execute a method, comprising:
 a step (a) of performing a frequency analysis on each of plural small regions into which a
 finger/palm print image is divided, to obtain plural frequency components representing each of
 the plural small regions, said finger/palm print image indicating at least one of a finger print and
 a palm print; and

a step (b) of judging clarity of the small regions corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components, wherein:

said step (a) includes a step (a4) of obtaining a first analysis result performing a frequency analysis on a center portion of the small region, and a second analysis result performing a frequency analysis on the small region including peripheral portions; and

said step (b) includes a step (b3) of judging the small region to be a region having a fine structure if a difference exists between the first and second analysis results, or judging the small region to be a region having a monotonous flow if no difference exists between the first and second analysis results.

24. (Original) The program according to claim 23, wherein:

said step (a) includes a step (a1) of using a Fourier transform as the frequency analysis; and

said step (b) includes a step (b1) of judging clarity of the small region corresponding to the frequency components, based on the frequency components and a result of subjecting a clear two-dimensional sinusoidal wave to a Fourier transform.

25. (Currently amended) The program according to claim 23 or 24, wherein said step (a) includes:

a step (a2) of deciding one point in a frequency space as the frequency components, based on a result of the frequency analysis; and

a step (a3) of approximating the small region corresponding to the frequency components, to a representative point two-dimensional sinusoidal wave as a two-dimensional sinusoidal wave corresponding to the one point in the frequency space.

- 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Canceled)
- 28. (Canceled)
- 29. (Canceled)
- 30. (Canceled)
- 31. (Currently amended) The program according to any one of claims 23 to 25 claim 23, further comprising

a step (d) of changing, for each of the plural small regions, a method of extracting ridgelines from the finger/palm print image in the small region, based on the judgment result of clarity of the small region, and extracting the ridgelines.